EYFS, Year 1 and 2	Autumn	Spring
Year A		
Substantive Concepts "Golden Threads" Achievements Inventions Travel/Transport Diversity	 Changes with Living Memory The school and school life since 1930. How this reflects change in national life. NC- Significant historical events, people and places 	 George Mottershead (founder of Chester Zoo) Isabella Bird (explorer and travel writer) Beeston Castle NC- Significant historical events, people and places in their own
	in their own locality (the school and its community).	locality
EYFS Knowledge End Points	Begin to know the difference between long ago and now.	Asks and answers questions about sources of evidence.
	Bickerton school was different in the past.	Recognises and talks about significant events in their own lives.
	Some objects are new, some are old.	Begin to understand the word 'significant' means something or someone that is important for
	Things have changed since my parents/grownups were little.	everyone – not just us or our family, but for the whole country or the world.
	Schools in the past were different to schools today.	Can identify a person, event and place that is significant to them.
	 Our parents/grownups went to school when they were our age. 	Can talk about a significant place in their local area.

• My parents/growning have	Isabella Bird is a significant nerser
parents. These can be called my grandparents.	 Isabella Bird is a significant person from the local area.
, .	Beeston Castle is a significant place in the local area.
	George Mottershead was the founder of Chester Zoo and has a blue plaque near his birth place.
	Can put some events in order.
See previous column (EYFS)	See previous column (EYFS)
Bickerton has had a school for some time but it has not always looked the same.	• Create a timeline of the 1 st 6 years of their life.
7	A memorial is a statue or structure built to remind people of a person or
 Teachers used to teach using blackboards and chalk. 	an event.
 Now, teachers use whiteboards or interactive whiteboards. 	 Sources help us to remember significant events, places and people and to find out about the past. These take different forms e.g.photos, films,
 Children used to sit in rows with wooden desks and 	oral recount.
inkwells for their pens.	 Isabella Bird was a Victorian explorer, author and travel writer.
 Now, we sit at tables (often in groups) and use pencils or pens to write. 	Isabella Bird lived in Tattenhall as a child.
	 See previous column (EYFS) Bickerton has had a school for some time but it has not always looked the same. Teachers used to teach using blackboards and chalk. Now, teachers use whiteboards or interactive whiteboards. Children used to sit in rows with wooden desks and inkwells for their pens. Now, we sit at tables (often in groups) and use pencils or pens

	 Nowadays we have bright display boards that show our work or things that can help our learning. We use lots of technology to help us learn, like ipads or chromebooks. There are some things that were different and some things that have stayed the same from when our parents/grownups went to school. We can learn about the past (what came before us) by looking at objects and photographs from that time. 	 Isabella Bird wrote books about her travels. Know some countries Isabella Bird travelled to such as Australia, USA, Japan, China and Korea. George Mottershead's dream was to build a zoo without bars. George Mottershead bought land in Shavington and then Chester and created a Zoo. Know similarities and differences between June Mottershead's life and theirs using primary sources. Can talk about a key event in the history of Beeston Castle. Where the people and events studied fit on a basic timeline.
Year 2 Knowledge End Points	 See previous columns (EYFS & Year 1) In the past 100 years, technology in the classroom has changed. Our parents/grownups probably had one television and a few 	 See previous columns (EYFS & Year 1) Understand the word 'significant' means something or someone that is important for everyone – not just us or our family, but for the whole country or the world.

- computers in their school and they looked different to ours now.
- Our grandparents' parents are called our great-grandparents.
 Their parents are called our great-great grandparents.
- There are more things that were different and only a few things that have stayed the same from when our grandparents went to school.
- 'Within living memory' is what people who are alive today can still remember.
- Different objects (sources) can be more useful that others in showing us about the past (what came before us).

- Can name places, people and events that are significant nationally and globally, such as Buckingham Palace, Big Ben, King Charles III, The World Wars and the first Moon landing.
- A decade is 10 years.
- A century is 100 years.
- Isabella Bird was the first female member of the Royal Geographical Society.
- Isabella Bird travelled to Australia, USA, Japan, China and Korea.
- George Mottershead received an OBE for his outstanding contribution to conservation.
- Know some of the key events in the history of Beeston castle.
- Explain why these events were significant.
- Can place pictures of the significant people, places and events studied into chronological order.